



## Equilibrium:

$\vec{E} = 0$  inside conductor. Mobile charge carriers undergo random motion.

## Nonequilibrium:

$\vec{E} \neq 0$  inside conductor. Mobile charge carriers undergo random motion and drift. Positive charge carriers drift from high toward low electric potential and negative charge carriers from low toward high electric potential.

## Electric current:

- Net charge flowing through given cross-sectional area per unit time.
- $I = \frac{dQ}{dt}$ .
- SI unit:  $1\text{C/s} = 1\text{A}$  (one Ampère)

