

# Wave Equation



- $y(x, t) = A \sin(kx - \omega t)$  (displacement)
- $v(x, t) = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = -\omega A \cos(kx - \omega t)$  (velocity)
- $a(x, t) = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = -\omega^2 A \sin(kx - \omega t)$  (acceleration)
- $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = kA \cos(kx - \omega t)$  (slope of wave form)
- $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = -k^2 A \sin(kx - \omega t)$  (curvature of wave form)
- $\frac{\partial^2 y / \partial t^2}{\partial^2 y / \partial x^2} = \frac{\omega^2}{k^2} = c^2$  (ratio of second derivatives)
- Wave equation:  $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$

