

Momentum Transport in Electromagnetic Plane Wave



The momentum transported by an electromagnetic wave is proportional to the energy transported.

Momentum density: $\frac{\vec{p}}{V} = \frac{\vec{S}}{c^2}$, where $\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$ is the Poynting vector.

When the wave is absorbed by a material surface it exerts an impulse $\vec{F} dt = \Delta \vec{p}$.

The resulting radiation pressure is the average force per unit area:

$$P_{abs} = \frac{\bar{F}}{A} = \frac{p}{A dt} = \frac{p}{A dx} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{p}{V} c = \frac{\bar{S}}{c} = \frac{I}{c}.$$

The radiation pressure exerted by a reflected wave is twice as large: $P_{ref} = \frac{2\bar{S}}{c} = \frac{2I}{c}.$

