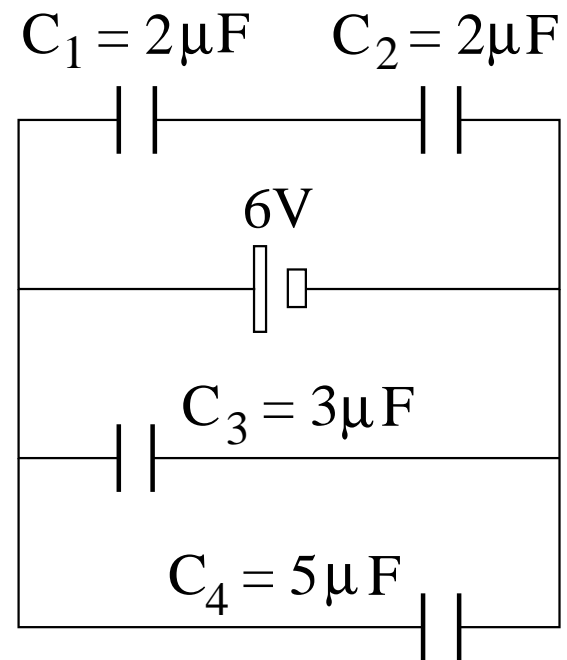


Unit Exam II: Problem #1 (Spring '07)



Consider the configuration of two point charges as shown.

- (a) Find the energy U_3 stored on capacitor C_3 .
- (b) Find the voltage V_4 across capacitor C_4 .
- (c) Find the voltage V_2 across capacitor C_2 .
- (d) Find the charge Q_1 on capacitor C_1 .



Unit Exam II: Problem #1 (Spring '07)



Consider the configuration of two point charges as shown.

- (a) Find the energy U_3 stored on capacitor C_3 .
- (b) Find the voltage V_4 across capacitor C_4 .
- (c) Find the voltage V_2 across capacitor C_2 .
- (d) Find the charge Q_1 on capacitor C_1 .

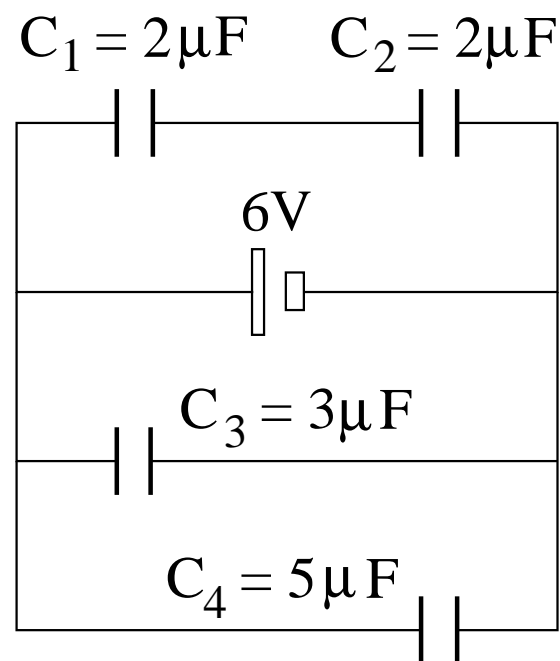
Solution:

(a) $U_3 = \frac{1}{2}(3\mu\text{F})(6\text{V})^2 = 54\mu\text{J}.$

(b) $V_4 = 6\text{V}.$

(c) $V_2 = \frac{1}{2}6\text{V} = 3\text{V}.$

(d) $Q_1 = (2\mu\text{F})(3\text{V}) = 6\mu\text{C}.$

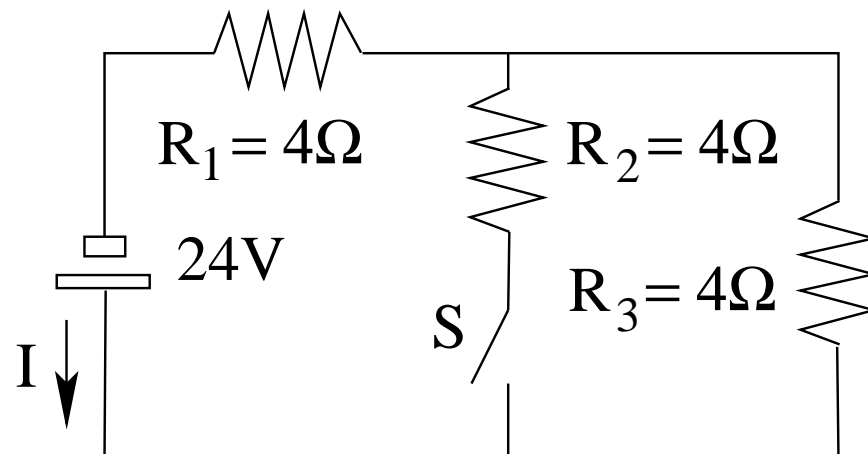


Unit Exam II: Problem #2 (Spring '07)



Consider the electric circuit shown.

- (a) Find the current I when the switch S is open.
- (b) Find the power P_3 dissipated in resistor R_3 when the switch is open.
- (c) Find the current I when the switch S is closed.
- (d) Find the power P_3 dissipated in resistor R_3 when the switch is closed.



Unit Exam II: Problem #2 (Spring '07)



Consider the electric circuit shown.

- (a) Find the current I when the switch S is open.
- (b) Find the power P_3 dissipated in resistor R_3 when the switch is open.
- (c) Find the current I when the switch S is closed.
- (d) Find the power P_3 dissipated in resistor R_3 when the switch is closed.

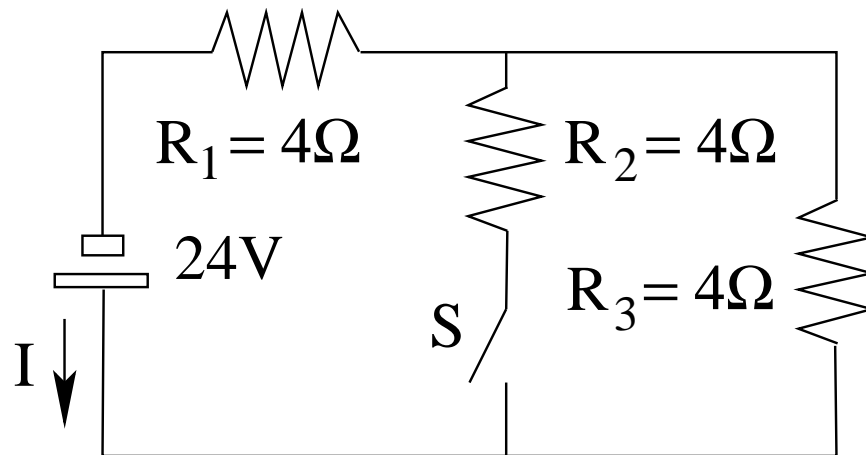
Solution:

$$(a) \quad I = \frac{24V}{8\Omega} = 3A.$$

$$(b) \quad P_3 = (3A)^2(4\Omega) = 36W.$$

$$(c) \quad I = \frac{24V}{6\Omega} = 4A.$$

$$(d) \quad P_3 = (2A)^2(4\Omega) = 16W.$$

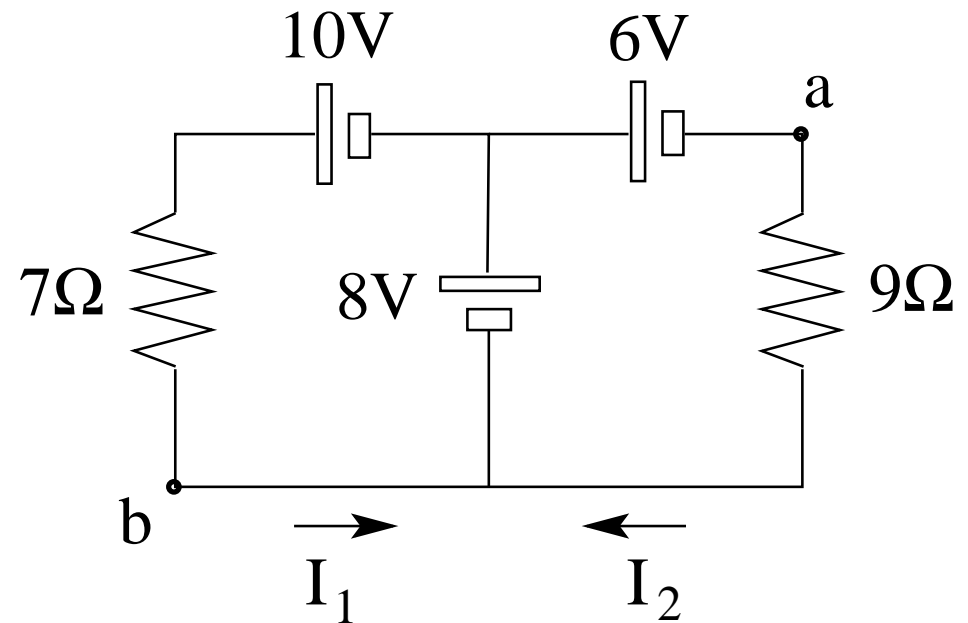


Unit Exam II: Problem #3 (Spring '07)



Consider the two-loop circuit shown.

- (a) Find the current I_1 .
- (b) Find the current I_2 .
- (c) Find the potential difference $V_a - V_b$.



Unit Exam II: Problem #3 (Spring '07)



Consider the two-loop circuit shown.

- (a) Find the current I_1 .
- (b) Find the current I_2 .
- (c) Find the potential difference $V_a - V_b$.

Solution:

$$(a) I_1 = \frac{8V + 10V}{7\Omega} = 2.57A.$$

$$(b) I_2 = \frac{8V - 6V}{9\Omega} = 0.22A.$$

$$(c) V_a - V_b = 8V - 6V = 2V.$$

