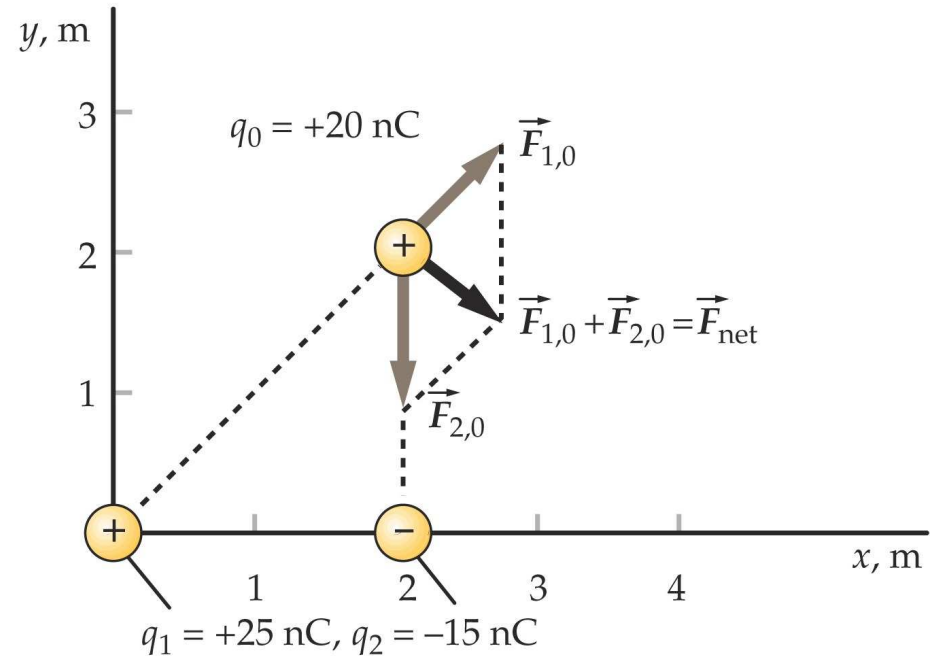


# Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (1a)



Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant force on charge  $q_0$ .

- Magnitude of individual forces:

$$F_{1,0} = k \frac{|q_1 q_0|}{r_{1,0}^2} = 5.62 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N}, \quad F_{2,0} = k \frac{|q_2 q_0|}{r_{2,0}^2} = 6.74 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N}.$$

- Components of individual forces:

$$F_{1,0}^x = F_{1,0} \cos 45^\circ, \quad F_{1,0}^y = F_{1,0} \sin 45^\circ, \quad F_{2,0}^x = 0, \quad F_{2,0}^y = -F_{2,0}.$$

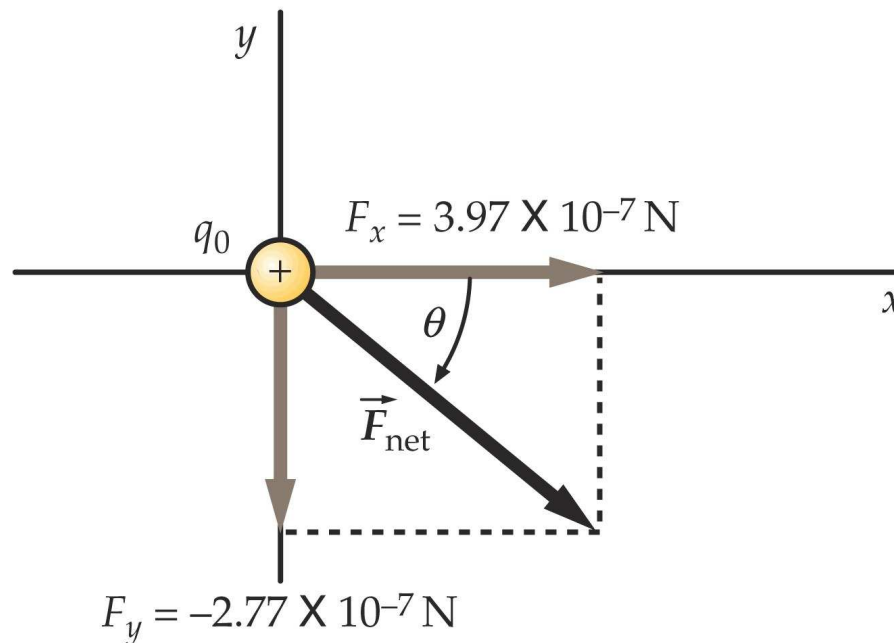
# Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (1b)



- Components of resultant force:

$$F_x = F_{1,0}^x + F_{2,0}^x = 3.97 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N}, \quad F_y = F_{1,0}^y + F_{2,0}^y = -2.77 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N}.$$

- Magnitude of resultant force:  $F = \sqrt{F_x^2 + F_y^2} = 4.84 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N}.$
- Direction of resultant force:  $\theta = \arctan(F_y/F_x) = -34.9^\circ.$

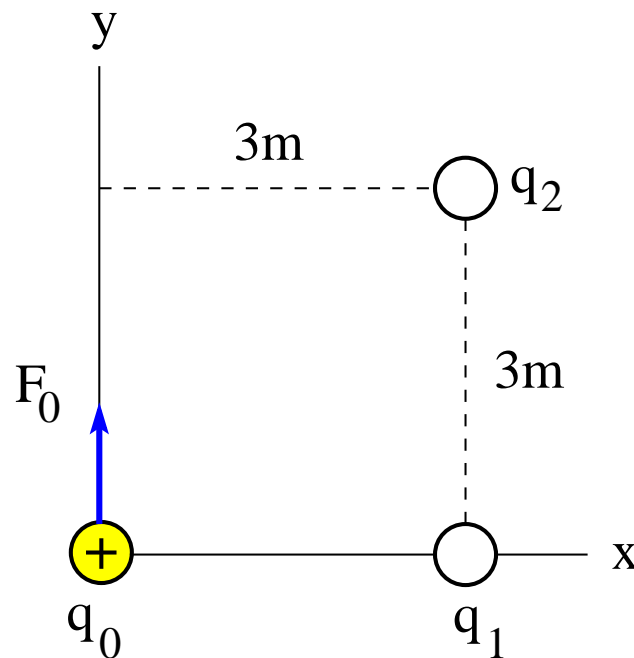


## Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (2)



The unknown point charges  $q_1, q_2$  exert a force  $F_0 = 2\text{N}$  on the known point charge  $q_0 = 1\text{nC}$ . This force is directed in the positive  $y$ -direction as shown.

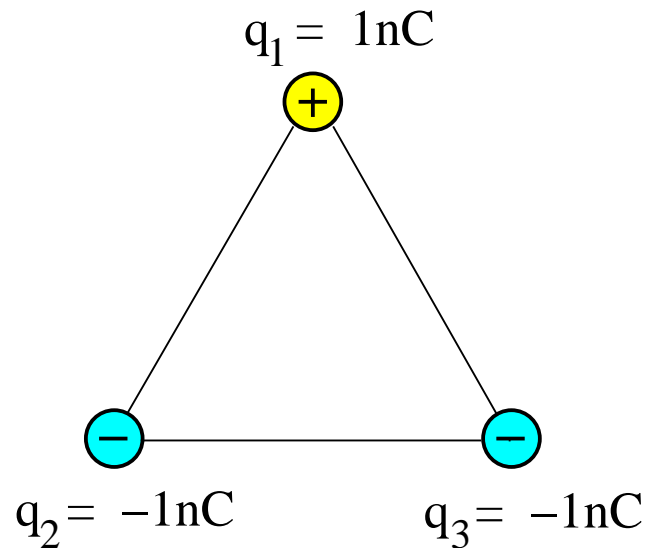
Determine first whether  $q_1, q_2$  are positive or negative. Then determine the values of the two point charges.



## Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (3)



Point charges of equal magnitude are positioned at the corners of an equilateral triangle.

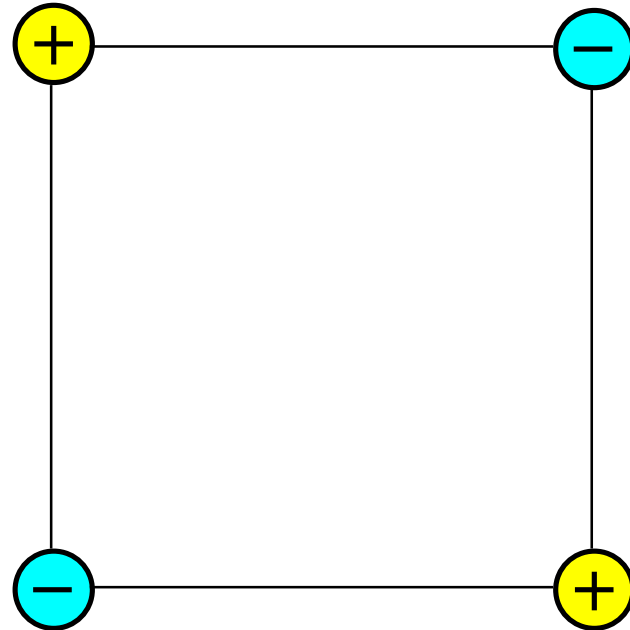


- Copy this configuration and indicate by arrows the direction of the resultant force on each point charge.
- Which point charge experiences the strongest force?

## Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (4)



Point charges of equal magnitude are positioned at the corners of a square.

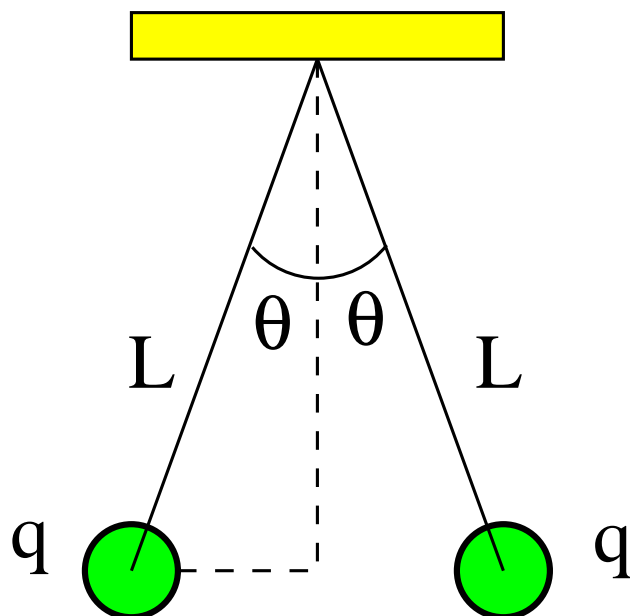


- Copy this configuration and indicate by arrows the direction of the resultant force on each point charge.
- If the force between nearest-neighbor charges is 1N, what is the strength of the resultant force on each charge?

## Coulomb Force in Two Dimensions (5)



Two identical small charged spheres, each having a mass  $m = 30\text{g}$ , hang in equilibrium at an angle of  $\theta = 5^\circ$  from the vertical. The length of the strings is  $L = 15\text{cm}$ .



- Identify all forces acting on each sphere.
- Find the magnitude of the charge  $q$  on each sphere.