

### [nex32] Jump moments of discrete variables

Consider the master equation

$$\frac{d}{dt}P(n, t) = \sum_m [W(n|m)P(m, t) - W(m|n)P(n, t)]$$

of an integer random variable  $n$  for two stochastic processes:

(a) Random walk:  $W(n|m) = \sigma\delta_{n+1,m} + \sigma\delta_{n-1,m}$ .

(b) Poisson process:  $W(n|m) = \lambda\delta_{n-1,m}$ .

Calculate the jump moments  $\alpha_l(m) = \sum_n (n - m)^l W(n|m)$  for  $l = 1, 2$ .

Then calculate the time evolution of the mean value  $\langle n \rangle$  and the variance  $\langle\langle n^2 \rangle\rangle$ , consistent with the initial condition  $P(n, 0) = \delta_{n,0}$ . Rather than first calculating  $P(n, t)$ , solve the equations of motion for the expectation values:  $d\langle n \rangle/dt = \langle \alpha_1(n) \rangle$ ,  $d\langle n^2 \rangle/dt = \langle \alpha_2(n) \rangle + 2\langle n\alpha_1(n) \rangle$ .

**Solution:**