



Resistivity of Materials

TABLE 25-1

Resistivities and Temperature Coefficients

Material	Resistivity ρ at 20°C, $\Omega \cdot \text{m}$	Temperature Coefficient α at 20°C, K^{-1}
Silver	1.6×10^{-8}	3.8×10^{-3}
Copper	1.7×10^{-8}	3.9×10^{-3}
Aluminum	2.8×10^{-8}	3.9×10^{-3}
Tungsten	5.5×10^{-8}	4.5×10^{-3}
Iron	10×10^{-8}	5.0×10^{-3}
Lead	22×10^{-8}	4.3×10^{-3}
Mercury	96×10^{-8}	0.9×10^{-3}
Nichrome	100×10^{-8}	0.4×10^{-3}
Carbon	3500×10^{-8}	-0.5×10^{-3}
Germanium	0.45	-4.8×10^{-2}
Silicon	640	-7.5×10^{-2}
Wood	$10^8 - 10^{14}$	
Glass	$10^{10} - 10^{14}$	
Hard rubber	$10^{13} - 10^{16}$	
Amber	5×10^{14}	
Sulfur	1×10^{15}	

$$\bullet \quad \alpha = \frac{(\rho - \rho_{20}) / \rho_{20}}{t_C - 20^\circ\text{C}}$$

• α : temperature coefficient
at 20°C in K^{-1}

• ρ : resistivity near 20°C

• ρ_{20} : resistivity at 20°C

• t_C : temperature in °C