## **Magnetic Induction: Application (9)**



Consider a conducting rod of length L rotating with angular velocity  $\omega$  in a plane perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B}$ .

- Angular velocity of slice:  $\omega$
- Linear velocity of slice:  $v=\omega r$
- EMF induced in slice:  $d\mathcal{E} = Bvdr$
- · Slices are connected in series.
- EMF induced in rod:

$$\mathcal{E} = \int_0^L Bv \, dr = B\omega \int_0^L r \, dr$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = \frac{1}{2}B\omega L^2 = \frac{1}{2}Bv_0 L, \quad v_0 = \omega L$$

