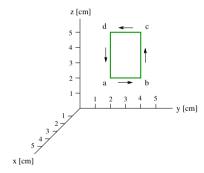


A counterclockwise current I=1.7A [I=1.3A] is flowing through the conducting rectangular frame shown in a region of magnetic field  ${\bf B}=6{\rm mT}{\bf \hat{j}}$  [ ${\bf B}=6{\rm mT}{\bf \hat{k}}$ ].

- (a) Find the force  $\mathbf{F}_{bc}$  [ $\mathbf{F}_{ab}$ ] (magnitude and direction) acting on side bc [ab] of the rectangle.
- (b) Find the magnetic moment  $\vec{\mu}$  (magnitude and direction) of the current loop.
- (c) Find the torque  $\vec{\tau}$  (magnitude and direction) acting on the current loop.



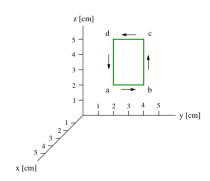


A counterclockwise current I=1.7A [I=1.3A] is flowing through the conducting rectangular frame shown in a region of magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{j}}$  [ $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ ].

- (a) Find the force  $\mathbf{F}_{bc}$  [ $\mathbf{F}_{ab}$ ] (magnitude and direction) acting on side bc [ab] of the rectangle.
- (b) Find the magnetic moment  $\vec{\mu}$  (magnitude and direction) of the current loop.
- (c) Find the torque  $\vec{\tau}$  (magnitude and direction) acting on the current loop.

### Solution:

(a) 
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (1.7 \mathrm{A})(3 \mathrm{cm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (6 \mathrm{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = -3.06 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
  
 $[\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.3 \mathrm{A})(2 \mathrm{cm} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (6 \mathrm{mT} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 1.56 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}]$ 





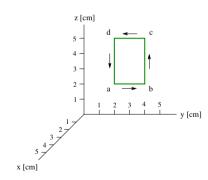
A counterclockwise current I=1.7A [I=1.3A] is flowing through the conducting rectangular frame shown in a region of magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{j}}$  [ $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ ].

- (a) Find the force  $\mathbf{F}_{bc}$  [ $\mathbf{F}_{ab}$ ] (magnitude and direction) acting on side bc [ab] of the rectangle.
- (b) Find the magnetic moment  $\vec{\mu}$  (magnitude and direction) of the current loop.
- (c) Find the torque  $\vec{\tau}$  (magnitude and direction) acting on the current loop.

### Solution:

(a) 
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (1.7 \text{A})(3 \text{cm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = -3.06 \times 10^{-4} \text{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
  
 $[\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.3 \text{A})(2 \text{cm} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 1.56 \times 10^{-4} \text{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}]$ 

(b) 
$$\vec{\mu} = [(2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})\hat{\mathbf{i}}](1.7\text{A}) = 1.02 \times 10^{-3}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
  
 $[\vec{\mu} = [(2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})\hat{\mathbf{i}}](1.3\text{A}) = 7.8 \times 10^{-4}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}]$ 





A counterclockwise current I=1.7A [I=1.3A] is flowing through the conducting rectangular frame shown in a region of magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{j}}$  [ $\mathbf{B}=6$ mT $\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ ].

- (a) Find the force  $\mathbf{F}_{bc}$  [ $\mathbf{F}_{ab}$ ] (magnitude and direction) acting on side bc [ab] of the rectangle.
- (b) Find the magnetic moment  $\vec{\mu}$  (magnitude and direction) of the current loop.
- (c) Find the torque  $\vec{\tau}$  (magnitude and direction) acting on the current loop.

### Solution:

(a) 
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (1.7 \text{A})(3 \text{cm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = -3.06 \times 10^{-4} \text{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
  
 $[\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.3 \text{A})(2 \text{cm} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 1.56 \times 10^{-4} \text{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}]$ 

(b) 
$$\vec{\mu} = [(2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})\hat{\mathbf{i}}](1.7\text{A}) = 1.02 \times 10^{-3}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
  
 $[\vec{\mu} = [(2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})\hat{\mathbf{i}}](1.3\text{A}) = 7.8 \times 10^{-4}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}]$ 

(c) 
$$\vec{\tau} = (1.02 \times 10^{-3} \text{Am}^2 \hat{\mathbf{i}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 6.12 \times 10^{-6} \text{Nm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}$$
  
 $[\vec{\tau} = (7.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{Am}^2 \hat{\mathbf{i}}) \times (6 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = -4.68 \times 10^{-6} \text{Nm} \hat{\mathbf{j}}]$ 

