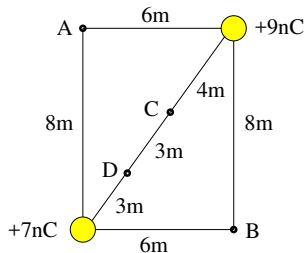




Consider two point charges positioned as shown.

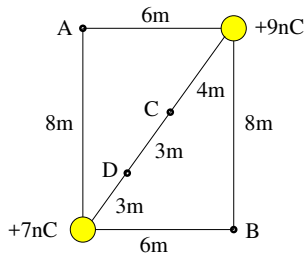
- (a) Find the magnitude of the electric field at point C [D].
- (b) Draw the field direction at point C [D] by an arrow.
- (c) Find the electric potential at point A [B].





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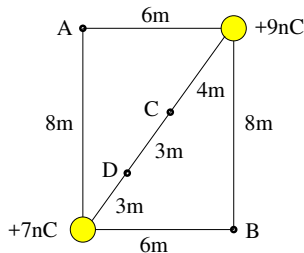
**Solution:**

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet E_C &= k \frac{9\text{nC}}{(4\text{m})^2} - k \frac{7\text{nC}}{(6\text{m})^2} = 5.06\text{V/m} - 1.75\text{V/m} = 3.31\text{V/m}. \\ [E_D &= k \frac{7\text{nC}}{(3\text{m})^2} - k \frac{9\text{nC}}{(7\text{m})^2} = 7.00\text{V/m} - 1.65\text{V/m} = 5.35\text{V/m}]. \end{aligned}$$



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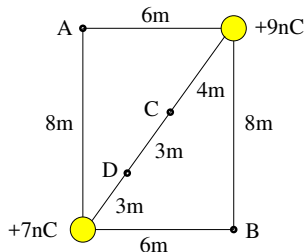
**Solution:**

- $E_C = k \frac{9nC}{(4m)^2} - k \frac{7nC}{(6m)^2} = 5.06V/m - 1.75V/m = 3.31V/m.$   
 $[E_D = k \frac{7nC}{(3m)^2} - k \frac{9nC}{(7m)^2} = 7.00V/m - 1.65V/m = 5.35V/m].$
- Down/left along diagonal [Up/right along diagonal].



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- Down/left along diagonal [Up/right along diagonal].
- $V_A = k \frac{9nC}{6m} + k \frac{7nC}{8m} = 13.50V + 7.88V = 21.4V.$   
 $[V_B = k \frac{9nC}{8m} + k \frac{7nC}{6m} = 10.1V + 10.5V = 20.6V].$