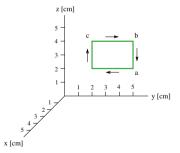


A current I is flowing around the conducting rectangular frame in the direction shown. The frame is located in a region of uniform magnetic field \mathbf{B} .

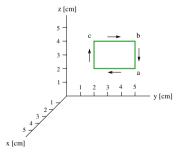
- (a) Find the force \mathbf{F}_{ab} (magnitude and direction) acting on side ab.
- (b) Find the force \mathbf{F}_{bc} (magnitude and direction) acting on side bc.
- (c) Find the magnetic moment $\vec{\mu}$ (magnitude and direction) of the current loop.
- (d) Find the torque $\vec{\tau}$ (magnitude and direction) acting on the frame.





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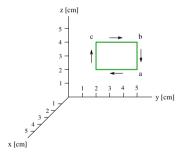


(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.2A)(-2cm\hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (0.7mT\hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 0.$$



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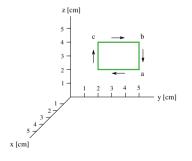
(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.2A)(-2cm\hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (0.7mT\hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 0.$$

(b)
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (1.2 \mathrm{A})(3 \mathrm{cm} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (0.7 \mathrm{m} T \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 2.52 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$



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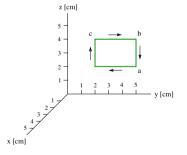
(b)
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (1.2 \text{A})(3 \text{cm}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (0.7 \text{mT}\hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 2.52 \times 10^{-5} \text{N}\hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$

(c)
$$\vec{\mu} = (2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})(1.2\text{A})(-\hat{\mathbf{i}}) = -7.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{Am}^2 \hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
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$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (1.2A)(-2cm\mathbf{\hat{k}}) \times (0.7mT\mathbf{\hat{k}}) = 0.$$

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$$\vec{\mu} = (2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})(1.2\text{A})(-\hat{\mathbf{i}}) = -7.2 \times 10^{-4}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}$$
.

(d)
$$\vec{\tau} = (-7.2 \times 10^{-4} Am^2 \hat{\mathbf{i}}) \times (0.7 mT \hat{\mathbf{k}}) = 5.04 \times 10^{-7} Nm \hat{\mathbf{j}}.$$



Solution for
$$I = 2.1$$
A, $\mathbf{B} = 0.8$ m $\mathrm{T}\hat{\mathbf{j}}$

(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (2.1 \mathrm{A}) (-2 \mathrm{cm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (0.8 \mathrm{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 3.36 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$



Solution for I = 2.1A, $\mathbf{B} = 0.8$ m \mathbf{T} $\hat{\mathbf{j}}$

(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (2.1 \mathrm{A}) (-2 \mathrm{cm} \mathbf{\hat{k}}) \times (0.8 \mathrm{mT} \mathbf{\hat{j}}) = 3.36 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{N} \mathbf{\hat{i}}$$
.

(b)
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (2.1 \text{A})(3 \text{cm}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (0.8 \text{mT}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 0.$$



Solution for I = 2.1A, B = 0.8mT \hat{j}

(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (2.1\text{A})(-2\text{cm}\hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (0.8\text{mT}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 3.36 \times 10^{-5}\text{N}\hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$

(b)
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (2.1 \text{A})(3 \text{cm}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (0.8 \text{mT}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 0.$$

(c)
$$\vec{\mu} = (2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})(2.1\text{A})(-\hat{\mathbf{i}}) = -1.26 \times 10^{-3}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$



Solution for I=2.1A, $\mathbf{B}=0.8$ m $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{\hat{j}}$

(a)
$$\mathbf{F}_{ab} = (2.1 \text{A}) (-2 \text{cm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}) \times (0.8 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 3.36 \times 10^{-5} \text{N} \hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$

(b)
$$\mathbf{F}_{bc} = (2.1 \text{A})(3 \text{cm}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \times (0.8 \text{mT}\hat{\mathbf{j}}) = 0.$$

(c)
$$\vec{\mu} = (2\text{cm})(3\text{cm})(2.1\text{A})(-\hat{\mathbf{i}}) = -1.26 \times 10^{-3}\text{Am}^2\hat{\mathbf{i}}.$$

(d)
$$\vec{\tau} = (-1.26 \times 10^{-3} \text{Am}^2 \hat{\mathbf{i}}) \times (0.8 \text{mT} \hat{\mathbf{j}}) = -1.01 \times 10^{-6} \text{Nm} \hat{\mathbf{k}}.$$