

## Logistic Model (continuous version) [mln32]

The (continuous) logistic model was introduced in population dynamics:

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN \left( 1 - \frac{N}{K} \right).$$

The model has one variable and two parameters:

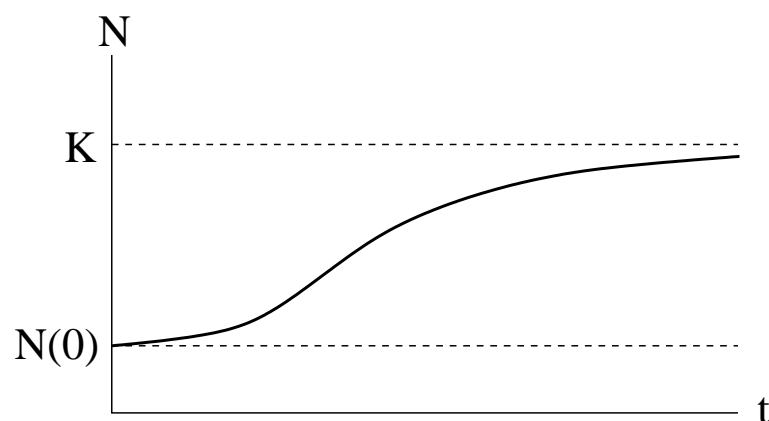
$N(t)$ : instantaneous size of population,

$r$ : per-capita growth rate,

$K$ : carrying capacity due to limited living space and resources.

The general solution for can be obtained by separation of variables [mex107]:

$$N(t) = \frac{N(0)e^{rt}}{1 + \frac{N(0)}{K}(e^{rt} - 1)}.$$



In the limit  $K \rightarrow \infty$ , the solution approaches unimpeded exponential growth:  
 $N(t) = N(0)e^{rt}$ .

A discrete version of the logistic model exhibits more complex behavior.